Professor Shane Rodriguez

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE

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Tuesday/Thursday 6:00pm - 7:20pm

Purpose and Course Description

The purpose of this course is to cover those criminal procedure topics which reflect the Federal Supreme Court's current position on constitutional questions raised by operation of our federal and state criminal justice systems. Where relevant we will also review Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court opinions that distinguish the law of the Commonwealth from the Federal law.

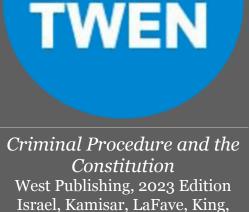
The intent of the course is to create competency in those areas tested by the bar examination as well as to lay a proper foundation to become skilled practitioners.

Grading

The midterm and final examinations will combine to **90%** of your final grade in this class. In addition, there will be weekly assignments of a minimum of **ten (10)** MBE-type questions and/or Short Directed Essay Questions which will serve as quizzes and will combine to be **10%** of semester grade. I reserve the right at any time during the semester to modify and/or change the course grading. **Note:** The semester percentages are subject to change at my discretion at any point during the semester.

> Lack of attendance and/or class participation has the potential to impact negatively on the semester grade.

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Criminal Procedure and Constitution

Primus, Kerr.

Leading Supreme Court Cases and Introductory Text (2023 Edition)



Israel = Kamisar = LaFave = King = Primus = Kerr

978.580.4242

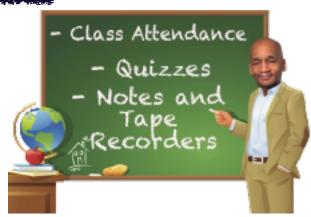
This is my personal cell phone use this number for calling or texting. Please use this for class related or business purposes only.

Course Requirements and Class Participation

Class Attendance

Students must be prepared for every class to be called on to brief cases or for discussion of questions. You are, therefore, expected to be in class and to participate. Students who have more than three unexcused absences during the semester may have their semester grade lowered by as much as one-third of a grade.

Attendance is taken at the beginning of class. You will be marked absent if you are not present when attendance is taken.







I will not permit any make-ups for missed weekly inclass and/or on-line TWEN quizzes.

Notes And Tape Recorders In Class

I test what I teach, and I follow the syllabus. If you do all assigned readings and attend class, you will be prepared for the exams. It is necessary that each of you develop an effective method of recording and retaining the materials as it is taught and discussed. Classes are interactive, and it is not always advisable to take copious notes. Research strongly indicates that students who attempt to use word processors to "transcribe" class discussions perform less well on exams than do those students who actively participate in those discussions. Use of tape/digital recorders are allowed in this class and may be preferable for you. The purpose of class is to learn the law through discussion and participation to develop analytical skills. This cannot be achieved if you are intent on being a scribe.



Classroom Decorum

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All students are expected at all times to conduct themselves in a civil manner as follows:

Timeliness. Arrive on time. Late arrivals are disruptive. Frequent late arrivals will be excluded from the classroom.

Cell Phones and Messaging. There will be *no cell phone use in class*, with the exception of extraordinary circumstances. All cell phones must be turned off before the class begins.

If there is a family emergency requiring you to be reachable, approach me before class and inform me of the situation. In such an event you may keep your cell phone on if it has a "vibrate" only option.

In the event that your cell phone or other device disturbs the class you will be told to leave the classroom immediately and will be marked as absent for the class.

Laptop Computers. While many colleges and professional school are banning laptop computers form classroom, I believe that they can be a useful classroom tool. Arrive early enough to start your laptop prior to class such that start up noises will not be disruptive to other students.

If I determine that you are using the computer for other than legitimate classroom purposes you will be immediately told to leave and will be marked absent for the class.

Talking in Class. This is an interactive class, and it is normal for there to be a bit of a "buzz" while we are discussing a case, a principle or a hypothetical. You are expected to listen while others are talking and to respond when called upon. Civility is expected at all times by all students.

Eating/Drinking in Class. Eating in class is strongly disfavored. I understand that stressed-for-time students are often unable to take meals at normal hours, and therefore snacks and drinks will be tolerated as long as they are not disruptive. I will not tolerate full meals, full "submarine" sandwiches, or anything of the like. I also will not tolerate undue noise such as stubborn plastic wrappers. I will ban all foods and drinks in class if, in myopinion, they are becoming a distraction.

Civility Above All Else. Each of you will be treated at all times with courtesy and respect, and will treat others with equal civility at all times. In our class discussion, we will argue issues but never personalities.



NOTE: I am assigning Chapter One and Two as an out-of-class assignment that students should read on their own prior to the start of the first class:

Chapter One		A Criminal Justice Process Overview
	Section 1	The Lawmaking Structure
	Section 2	The Administrative Structure
	Section 3	The Steps in the Process
Chapter Two	The Nature and Scope of Due Process; The 14 th Amendment and the applicability of the Bill of Rights to the states.	
	Section 1	"Fundamental Rights" and "Incorporation"
	Section 2	The Shift to "Selective Incorporation"
	Section 3	"Free Standing" Due Process

There is also a **Zoom** video recording and corresponding PowerPoint presentation from my Spring 2021 Criminal Procedure class on **Fundamental Rights – Ordered Liberty** -Incorporation Theories which you need to fully watch prior to the start of Class 1. You can find the Zoom video and the PowerPoint in the Course Dropbox.

Tuesday, January 16, 2024 CLASS 1		Introduction to the course, course ecxpectations.		
Thursday, January 18, 2024		CLASS 2		
Chapter 19		Retrials (Double Jeopardy) Introductory Material (very important)		
	Section 1	The "Same Offense" Limitation		
		Ashe v. Swenson	United States v Dixon	
Tuesday, Jar	nuary 23, 2024	CLASS 3		
Chapter 19	Section 1	Continue - The "Same Offense"	Limitation	
		Gamble v. United States	Hudson v. United State	es
	Section 2	Aborted Proceedings		
		Arizona v. Washington	Oregon v. Kennedy	
Thursday, Ja	nuary 25, 2024	CLASS 4		
	Section 3	Reprosecutions - Post Acquittal/C	onvictions	
		United States v. Scott	Burks v. United States	
Chapter 3		Arrest, Search and Seizure		and the second s
	Read	The Exclusionary Rule		
	Section 1	Wolf v Colorado	Mapp v. Ohio	

Prior to Class 4, I will publish on <u>TWEN</u> a Case Calendar Schedule for all the assigned cases in <u>Chapter Three</u>.

	Chapter Three - Arrest, Search and Seizure	-
Section 1	The Exclusionary Rule	What was the significance of Mapp v Ohio?
Section 2	Protected Areas and Interests.	The U.S. Supreme Court ruled in a 5–3 vote in favor of Mapp.
Section 3	Probable Cause	The high court said evidence seized unlawfully, without a search warrant,
Section 4	Search Warrants	could not be used in criminal prosecutions in state courts.
Section 5	Arrest and Search of Persons	
Section 6	Seizure and Search of Premises	
Section 7	Seizure and Search of Vehicles and Effects.	
Section 8	Stop and Frisk	
Section 9	Consent Searches	
	Chapter Four - The Scope of the Exclusionar	y Rule
Section 1	Introduction	
Section 2	Proximate Cause: Attenuation Doctrine	
Section 3	Cause in Fact: Independent Source	
Section 4	Cause in Fact: Inevitable Discovery	
	Chapter Five -The Right to Counsel	
Section 1	The Right to Appointed Counsel	
Section 2	The "Beginnings" of the Right to Counsel	
Section 3	The Griffin-Douglas "Equality" Principle	



	Chapter Five -The Right to Counsel
Section 1	The "Voluntariness" Test
Section 2	Massiah and Escobedo
Section 3	Miranda
Section 4	Applying and Explaining Miranda
Section 5	The Court Reaffirms Miranda
Section 6	When is Miranda Violated?
Section 7	Massiah Revisited
TBA	MID-TERM EXAM

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE

	Chapter Seven - Pre-Trial Identification Procedures	
Section 1	Wade and Gilbert: Reliability Concerns	
Section 2	The Court Retreats: Kirby and Ash This is	
Section 3	Due Process Limitations IMPORTANT!	
	Chapter Eight - Investigation by Subpoena	
Section 1	Introduction	
Section 2	Fourth Amendment Limitations	
Section 3	The Privilege Against Self-Incrimination	
	Chapter Nine - Pretrial Release	
	Chapter Ten - The Decision Whether to Prosecute	
Section1	The Decision to Prosecute	
Section 2	Selection of the Charge	
	Chapter Eleven - Screening the Prosecutor's Charging Decision	
	Chapter Twelve - Speedy Trial and Other Speedy Dispositions	
	Chapter Thirteen - The Duty to Disclose	
	Chapter Fourteen - Guilty Pleas	
Section 1	Plea Bargaining	
Section 2	Requisites of a Valid Plea	
Section 3	Cause in Fact: Independent Source	
	Chapter Fifteen - Trial by Jury; Judicial Impartiality	
Section 1	Right to Jury Trial	
Section 2	Jury Selection	
Section 3	Right to Impartial Judge	
	Chapter Sixteen - Fair Trial/Free Press 7TH AMENDMEN	
	Chapter Seventeen - The Role of Counsel	
	Chapter Eighteen - The Trial	
Section 1	Presence of the Defendant	
Section 2	Confrontation and Compulsory Process	
Section 3	The Right to Remain Silent – or Testify	
Section 4	Due Process Requirements	
May 6, 2024	Last Day of Spring Classes	
	Final Exam - Date to Be Determined	